



The European Union and Africa: A Partnership in Numbers

Energise Africa

The EU and its Member states are major supporters of the **Africa Renewable Energy Initiative (AREI)** through the **Africa Investment Facility (AfIF)**, the **Electrification Financing Initiative (ElectriFI)** and the forthcoming **External Investment Plan (EIP)**. The **Africa-EU Energy Partnership (AEEP)**, set up under the **Joint Africa-EU Strategy (JAES)**, provides a framework for long-term, systematic and well-integrated cooperation between the two continents in the energy sector.

EU Commitment



2.7 billion indicative commitment for sustainable energy projects in Sub-Saharan Africa for 2014-2020.

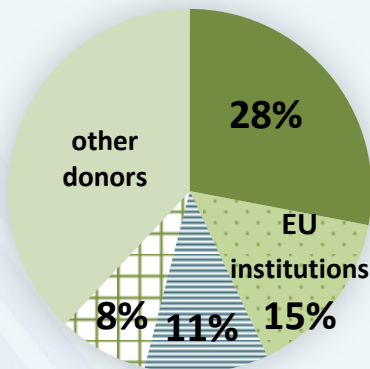


19 new projects of the Africa Renewable Energy Initiative (AREI) will produce 1.8 Gigawatts of renewable energy.



The EU provides a **Technical Assistance Facility (TAF) amounting to EUR 37.5 million**, supporting the **Sustainable Energy for All (SE4ALL)** initiative, to help Sub-Saharan African countries improve their energy sector governance, create an enabling environment for private sector participation and promote sustainable energy investments.

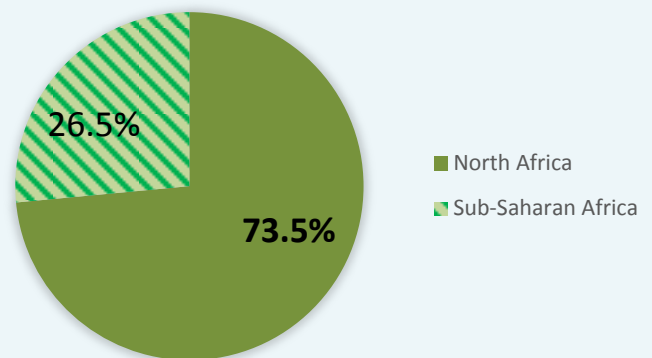
Official Development Assistance of the top 4 multilateral donors in the African energy sector (2009-2013)



- World Bank and International Development Association (IDA)
- EU Institutions
- African Development Bank
- Arab Fund for Economic and Social Development

The European Union was the second largest multilateral donor in the African energy sector in 2009-2013, with an ODA of more than 3 billion USD, representing more than 15% ODA. World Bank was the largest source of funding (5.7 billion USD, almost 28% of total energy ODA). Other major multilateral donors: African Development Bank (AfDB) (2.1 billion USD, 11% of total) and Arab Fund for Economic and Social Development (AFESD) (1.6 billion USD, 8% of total). Together, the four biggest multilateral donors accounted for 63 percent of total energy sector ODA.

Regional ODA allocation in the African Energy Sector by EU Institutions (2009-2013)



North Africa dominates the energy ODA of EU institutions (73.5%, 1.8 billion USD).



The Africa-EU Energy Partnership (AEEP)



500MW more solar generation capacity was achieved. Installed capacity at end-2015 was 1,546MW, compared with 103MW in 2010. Solar capacity has enjoyed exponential success.



2,132MW of wind power has been added since 2010, more than doubling the 2010 capacity of 1,120MW.



In terms of **new connections**, the average of 14.4m people gaining access to electricity each year between 2000 and 2010 has increased to 28.9m in 2010-12. If this annual increase can be sustained, Africa is likely to achieve the AEEP's **target of 50% access by 2020**.



With EU Support...

2,600 kilometres

of transmission/distribution lines were built or upgraded in Africa, South of Sahara.

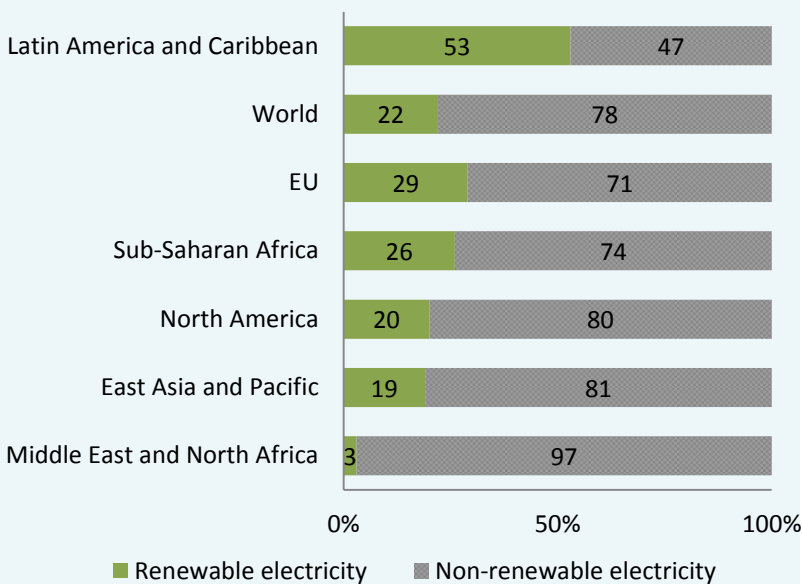
871,000 people

were provided with access to sustainable energy services in Africa, South of Sahara.

EU funded interventions completed between mid-2015-mid-2016 contributed to the results

Background

Renewable electricity output (% of total electricity output) in Sub-Saharan Africa (2014)



Percentage of the population with access to electricity (2014)

